Brunei



Human Papillomavirus and Related Cancers, Fact Sheet 2023 (2023-03-10)

I. Key data on HPV and HPV-related cancers



Brunei has a population of 168,055 women ages 15 years and older who are at risk of developing cervical cancer. Current estimates indicate that every year 54 women are diagnosed with cervical cancer and 14 die from the disease. Cervical cancer ranks as the 4th

most frequent cancer among women in Brunei and the 2nd most frequent cancer among women between 15 and 44 years of age. Data is not yet available on the HPV burden in the general population of Brunei. However, in South-Eastern Asia, the region Brunei belongs to, about 3.0% of women in the general population are estimated to harbour cervical HPV-16/18 infection at a given time, and 70.4% of invasive cervical cancers are attributed to HPVs 16 or 18.

Table 1. Crude incidence rates of HPV-related cancers

	Male	Female
Cervical cancer	-	25.7
Anal cancer	0	0
Vulva cancer	-	0.95
Vaginal cancer	-	0
Penile cancer	0	-
Oropharyngeal cancer	0	0
Oral cavity cancer	0.44	0.48
Laryngeal cancer	0.88	0.48

Table 2. Burden of cervical cancer

	Incidence	Mortality
Annual number of new cases/deaths	54	14
Crude rate	25.7	6.65
Age-standarized rate	20.8	5.72
Cumulative risk 0-74 years (%)	2.07	0.70
Ranking of cervical cancer (all years)	4th	5th
Ranking of cervical cancer (15-44 years)	2nd	3rd

Table 3. Burden of cervical HPV infection Brunei

	No. Tested	% (95% CI)
HPV 16/18 prevalence:		
Normal cytology	-	-
Low-grade cervical lesions	-	-
High-grade cervical lesions	-	-
Cervical cancer	-	

Figure 1. Comparison of the ten most frequent HPV oncogenic types in Brunei among women with and without cervical lesions

No data available

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II. Complementary data on cervical cancer prevention

Table 4. Factors contributing to cervical cancer (cofactors)

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Smoking prevalence (%) [95% UI], women	1.9 [1-3.1]
Total fertility rate (live births per women)	1.8
Hormonal contraception use (%)	-
HIV prevalence (%) [95% UI] (15-49 years)	- [—]

Table 5 Sexual behaviour

Table 5. Sexual bellavioui	
MEN	
Percentage of 15-year-old who have had sexual intercourse	-
Range of median age at first sexual intercourse	-
WOMEN	
Percentage of 15-year-old who have had sexual intercourse	-
Range of median age at first sexual intercourse	-

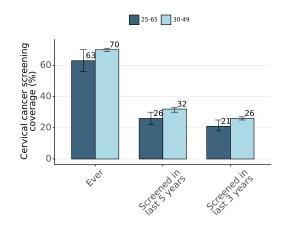
Table 6. HPV vaccine introduction

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Females		
HPV vaccination programme	Introduced	
Year of introduction	2012	
Year of estimation	2021	
HPV coverage – first dose (%)	97	
HPV coverage – last dose (%)	89	
Males		
HPV vaccination programme	Not Available/Not Introduced	
Year of introduction	-	
Year of estimation	-	
HPV coverage – first dose (%)	-	
HPV coverage – last dose (%)		

Table 7. Cervical screening practices and recommendations

Existence of official national rec-	Yes
ommendations	
Starting year of recommendations	2019
Active invitation to screening	Yes
Screening ages (years), primary screening test used, and screening interval or frequency of screenings	20-29 (cytology, 3 years); 30-65 (cytology, 3 years); 30-65 (HPV test, 5 years); 30-65 (cytology OR HPV test, 5 years)

Figure 2. Estimated coverage of cervical cancer screening in Brunei*



^{*} Estimated coverage and 95% confidence interval in 2019

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