Bosnia and Herzegovina Human Papillomavirus and Related Cancers, Fact Sheet 2023 (2023-03-10)





Bosnia and Herzegovina has a population of 1.41 million women ages 15 years and older who are at risk of developing cervical cancer. Current estimates indicate that every year 312 women are diagnosed with cervical cancer and

153 die from the disease. Cervical cancer ranks as the 6th most frequent cancer among women in Bosnia and Herzegovina and the 2nd most frequent cancer among women between 15 and 44 years of age. Data is not yet available on the HPV burden in the general population of Bosnia and Herzegovina. However, in Southern Europe, the region Bosnia and Herzegovina belongs to, about 3.8% of women in the general population are estimated to harbour cervical HPV-16/18 infection at a given time, and 68.0% of invasive cervical cancers are attributed to HPVs 16 or 18.

Table 1. Crude incidence rates of HPV-related cancers

	Male	Female
Cervical cancer	-	18.6
Anal cancer	0.37	0.36
Vulva cancer	-	2.51
Vaginal cancer	-	0.96
Penile cancer	0.93	-
Oropharyngeal cancer	2.49	0.54
Oral cavity cancer	8.78	3.40
Laryngeal cancer	14.6	2.39

Table 2. Burden of cervical cancer

	Incidence	Mortality
Annual number of new cases/deaths	312	153
Crude rate	18.6	9.14
Age-standarized rate	14.3	5.18
Cumulative risk 0-74 years (%)	1.31	0.56
Ranking of cervical cancer (all years)	6th	9th
Ranking of cervical cancer (15-44 years)	2nd	3rd

Table 3. Burden of cervical HPV infection Bosniaand Herzegovina

	No. Tested	% (95% CI)
HPV 16/18 prevalence:		
Normal cytology	-	-
Low-grade cervical lesions	-	-
High-grade cervical lesions	-	-
Cervical cancer	297	68.0 (62.5-73.1)

Figure 1. Comparison of the ten most frequent HPV oncogenic types in Bosnia and Herzegovina among women with and without cervical lesions

No data available



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II. Complementary data on cervical cancer prevention

Table 4. Factors contributing to cervical cancer (co-factors)

Smoking prevalence (%) [95% UI], women 2	29.1 [18.7-40.8]
Total fertility rate (live births per women)	1.4
Hormonal contraception use (%)	1.60
HIV prevalence (%) [95% UI] (15-49 years)<	0.1 [<0.1 -<0.1]

Table 5. Sexual behaviour

MEN	
Percentage of 15-year-old who have had sexual intercourse	-
Range of median age at first sexual intercourse	15.5 - 17.3
WOMEN	
Percentage of 15-year-old who have had sexual intercourse	-
Range of median age at first sexual intercourse	16.3 - 18.2

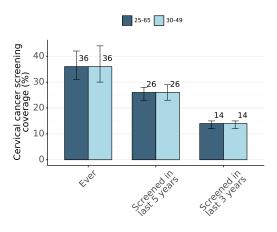
Table 6. HPV vaccine introduction

Females	
HPV vaccination programme	Not Available/Not Introduced
Year of introduction	-
Year of estimation	-
HPV coverage – first dose (%)	-
HPV coverage – last dose (%)	-
Males	
HPV vaccination programme	Not Available/Not Introduced
Year of introduction	-
Year of estimation	-
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HPV coverage – first dose (%)	-

Table 7. Cervical screening practices and recommendations

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Existence of official national rec-	Yes		
ommendations			
Starting year of recommendations	Unk		
Active invitation to screening	No		
Screening ages (years), pri- mary screening test used, and screening interval or frequency of screenings	25-60 years)	(cytology,	3

Figure 2. Estimated coverage of cervical cancer screening in Bosnia and Herzegovina*



* Estimated coverage and 95% confidence interval in 2019

Contact information:

ICO/IARC HPV Information Centre Institut Català d'Oncologia Avda. Gran Via de l'Hospitalet, 199-203 08908 L'Hospitalet de Llobregat (Barcelona, Spain) info@hpvcentre.net

www.hpvcentre.net